PERSONAL GO-KIT FOR EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS

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Introduction

This presentation is intended to get you thinking about your Go-Kit:

- Why you need one.
- What items you might want to put in it.
- How you might divide it up for ease of transportation and for optimum utility.

By giving you a view of AD7HL, KF7DKM and KE7HLR's Go-Kits, I hope to offer some suggestions for items you can include in your own Go-Kits.

Overview of Presentation

- Mission of the Emergency Communicator
- What is a Go-Kit?
- Why you need a Go-Kit
- Types of Go-Kits
- A look at KE7HLR, AD7HL and KF7DKM's Go-Kits
- Questions

Mission of the Emergency Communicator

Your Mission is to get every message you handle to its intended recipient—quickly, accurately, and with a minimum of fuss.

Success requires that you employ your operational and technical skills at the highest level possible.

You must be adequately prepared to handle your assignment, so that you can keep focused on the job at hand.

Mission of the Emergency Communicator

Being prepared for an EmComm assignment involves a wide range of considerations, including:

- Radio Equipment
- Power Sources
- Clothing and Personal Gear
- Food and Water
- Information
- Specialized Training

Mission of the Emergency Communicator

Having your Go-Kit assembled ahead of time will help you be prepared when the call-out comes.

Think through each probable assignment you might be faced with and plan your Go-Kit to meet the situations you might encounter.

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- Natural Disasters
 - Earthquake



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- Wildfire / Destructive Fire
- Severe Winter Storm / Flooding



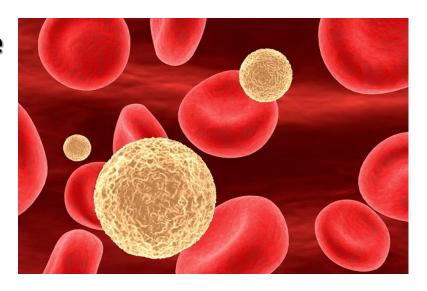
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- Earthquake
- Wildfire / Destructive Fire
- Severe Winter Storm / Flooding
- Hurricane / Tornado
- Epidemic / Pandemic



Man-Made Incidents

- Terrorist Attack
- Mass Casualties
- Search and Rescue Operations
- Multi-Vehicle Pile-Ups (most often--fog and ice)
- Aircraft Crash
- Train Derailment
- Hazmat Incident

Public Service Events

- Races and Walk-a-thons
- Parades and Celebrations
- ARRL Field Day

Types of Assignments

You may be asked to assist with any of a number of assignments, from a variety of operating locations:

Base Station

- Incident Command or other Fixed Command Post (Helibase, Staging Areas, etc.)
- Emergency Operations Center
- Hospital
- At Home (HF Long-Haul Relay or Traffic Net)

Types of Assignments

Field-Portable Station

- Field Command Post
- Shelter
- Aid or Rest Station

Types of Assignments

Mobile Station

- Mobile Command Post
- Shadow
- Vehicle Ride-Along (Transport, SAG Wagon, etc.)
- Relay Station (Manual Repeater)

Modes of Communications

You may be asked to provide communications using a variety of modes:

- Tactical Voice Communications (VHF/UHF FM)
- Digital Message Traffic (VHF Packet or D-STAR)
- Live Video (Amateur Television)
- Long-Haul Message Traffic (HF SSB Voice, PACTOR, WINMOR or CW)
- Other Available Modes (Telephone, Cellphone, Fax, Agency Radio, Runner)

Length of Assignment

The length of time you are asked to assist will depend on the type and size of the incident and the number of Emergency Communicators available:

- Short—A Few Hours to Less Than A Day
- Overnight
- Two to Three Days
- Long-Duration—Greater than 72 Hours

What is a Go-Kit?

Pre-staged collection of equipment and personal gear that you need to perform your duties as an Emergency Communicator.

Why you need a Go-Kit

- Your assignment location will probably be without power, heat, water, and telephone.
 Most businesses in the area will probably not be open, due to the emergency.
- As an Emergency Communicator, YOU must provide your own Equipment and Gear.
- YOU are responsible for your own Safety,
 Welfare and Comfort.

Why you need a Go-Kit

Building your Go-Kit now ensures that items you need are:

- Available when you need them.
- Where you expect them to be.

When the Activation Call comes, you won't have time to hunt for things!

Types of Go-Kits

Your Go-Kit should be tailored to your needs, your equipment, your expected assignments, your level of experience, your location, and the expected length of assignments.

Go-Kits by Function

Break-up your Go-Kit into different types of kits, depending on function

- Basic (Personal)
- Specialty (Radio, Computer, Tool, etc.)
- Miscellaneous (Vehicle, Shelter, etc.)

Go-Kits by Location

- Carried on Person
- Carried in Vehicle
- Cached at Fixed Location (Home, Office, etc.)
- Non-Cached Equipment (Gathered as needed)

Go-Kits Levels

Ideally, your different Go-Kits should be relatively small and easily-transportable.

Each kit should supplement each other with additional equipment and supplies, to extend your capabilities and endurance.

Basic Go-Kits (Personal)

- Day Pack—Items needed for a short-duration or mobile/foot assignment. Keep in vehicle for immediate access.
- 24-Hour Kit—Supplemental items needed for an overnight assignment.
- 72-Hour Kit—Supplemental items needed for an extended assignment of up to three days.

Specialty Go-Kits

- Field Office Kit—Manage your communications station.
- Portable Radio Kit—the classic "Radio in a Briefcase."
- Computer Kit—Notebook computer and radio interface.
- Tool Kit—Tools and equipment for making repairs.
- Antenna and Mast Kit—Portable antenna, mast, and tripod.
- Emergency Power Equipment—Batteries, Generator, etc.

Miscellaneous Go-Kits

- Additional Gear—Sleeping bag, tent, shade canopy, etc.
- Vehicle Tool Kit—Equipment needed to keep your vehicle going.
- Evacuation Kit—Food, water and equipment needed if it becomes necessary to evacuate from your current location.

A Look Inside KE7HLR and KF7IAW's Go-Kit



Pocket Carry

In the absence of any other equipment, always have these with you whenever you leave the house:

- Driver's License
- "Notify in Case of Emergency" List
- Cash / Coins
- Cell Phone
- Leatherman Multi-Tool
- Wristwatch

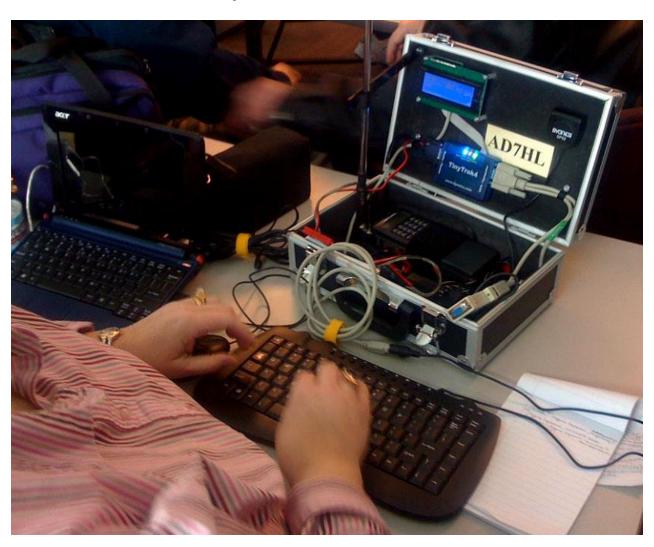
HT Pack

- The most basic of Kits—simply a radio and some support gear.
- One for each family/team member.
- Kept in vehicle, ready for immediate use.

HT Pack



APRS HT Kit Shirley Larsen, AD7HL



Field Office Kit

- Contains paperwork and references useful for managing a communications station.
- Designed for 2-person team.

Field Office Kit



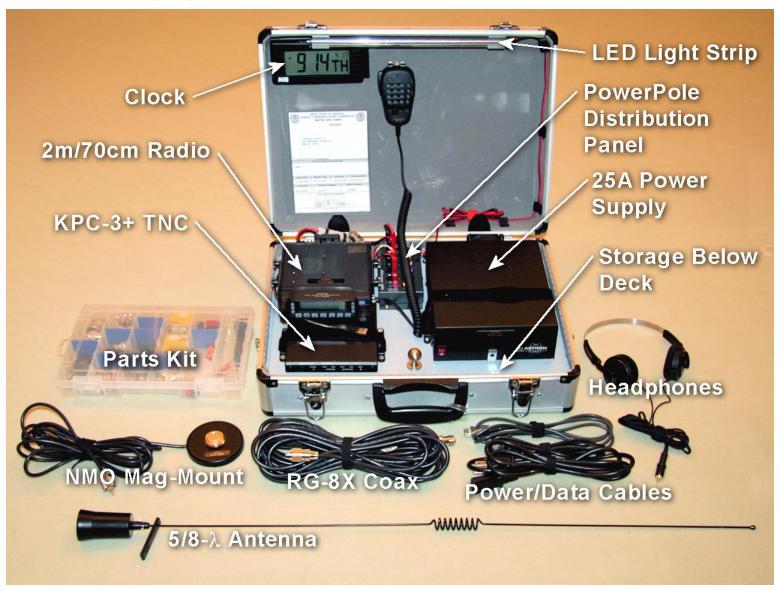
- Contains food, water, and comfort supplies for events lasting 12 hours to overnight.
- Day 1 of the 72-hour kit.
- Designed for 2 people.



- Extends 24-Hour Kit out to 72 hours (days 2 and 3).
- Designed for 2 people.
- Modular organization allows separating components as needed.



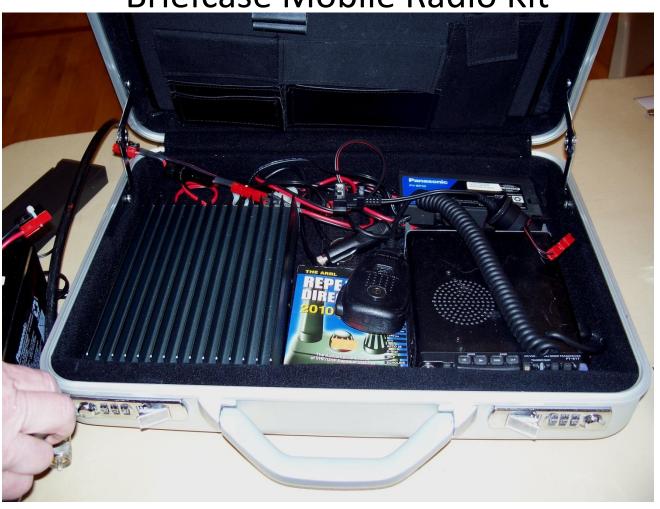
- Radio in a briefcase.
- Used for portable voice or packet operations.
- Can be set up as a cross-band repeater.



Kevin Reeve, N7RXE Sportsmen's Plus Utility Dry Box Radio Kit



V. Philip Rasmussen, N7JFG Briefcase Mobile Radio Kit



HF Radio Kit

- For portable SSB, PACTOR, WINMOR or PSK-31
 HF operations, as well as VHF/UHF voice.
- Yaesu FT-897 Radio is not kept in kit—it serves as my VHF/UHF/HF rig in motor home.

HF Radio Kit



Kelly Hansen, KF7TDP Plano Tool Box Radio Kit



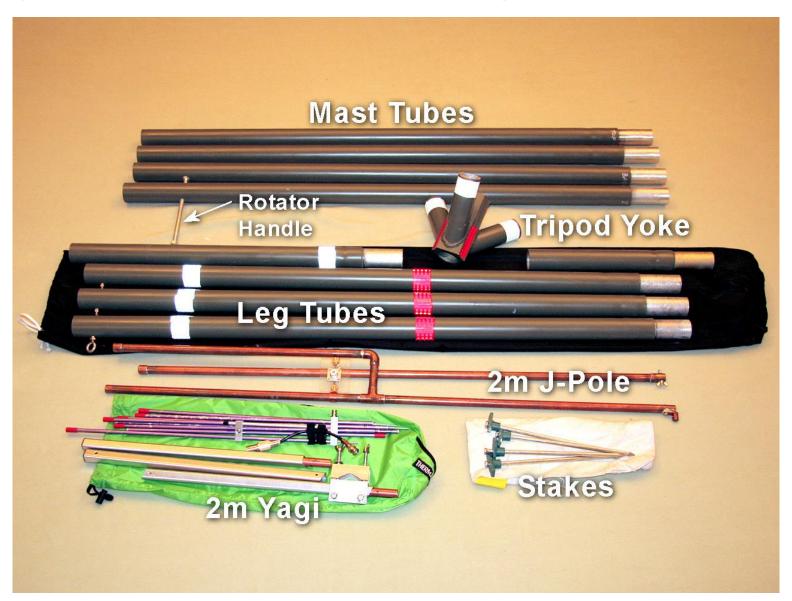
Computer Kit

 Notebook computer with portable scanner used to run Packet, APRS, PACTOR, WINMOR, and PSK-31.

Computer Kit



15-ft Antenna Mast Set KE7HLR



35-ft Antenna Mast Set KE7HLR



Emergency Power

- Includes Batteries, Battery Chargers, and Generator.
- Not normally cached as a kit; must be gathered as needed.

Emergency Power



In-Vehicle Equipment



In Conclusion

The goal of this presentation was to get you thinking about your own Go-Kit—

- Why you need one,
- What items you might want to put in it,
- How you might divide it and package it for optimum utility and ease of transportation.

I hope I have met this goal and have given you some ideas for building your own kit.



Displayed Go-Kits

Please View the Displayed Go-Kits:

Shirley Larsen, AD7HL Laurie Littledike, KF7DKM

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with special thanks to: Dan O'Connor, KE7HLR Laurie Littledike, KF7DKM